The remarkable ecosystems of Rockall: discovery, diversity and management

Francis Neat

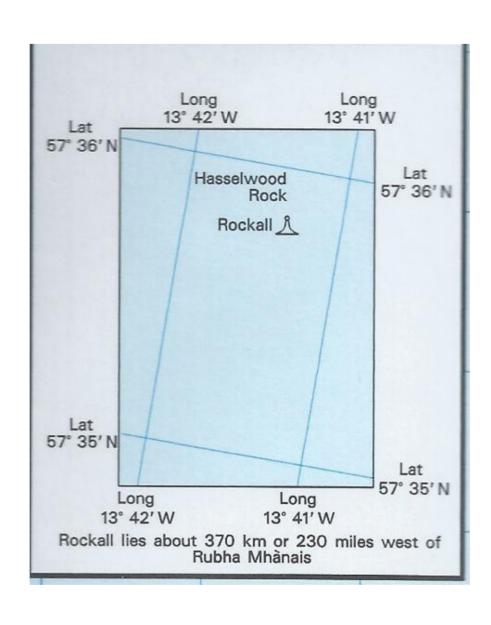


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The OS Map of Rockall





Where exactly is Rockall?





Go back 225 million years....





All that's left – 19 m pinnacle.....



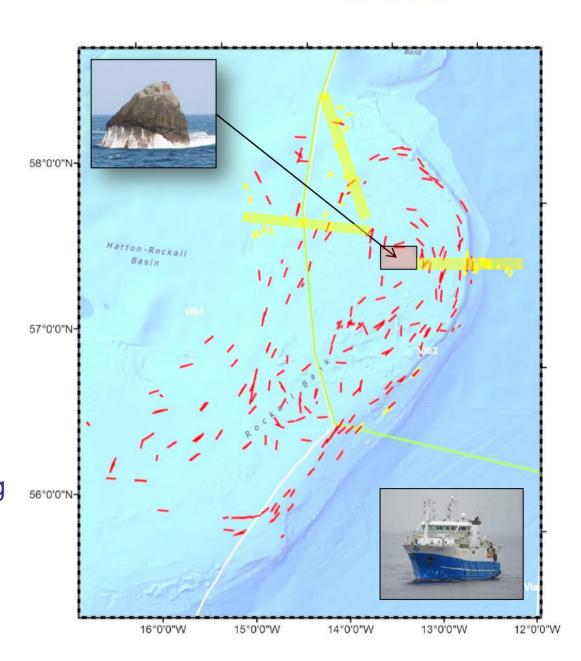


...but what lies beneath?

MRV Scotia and the OFFCON project

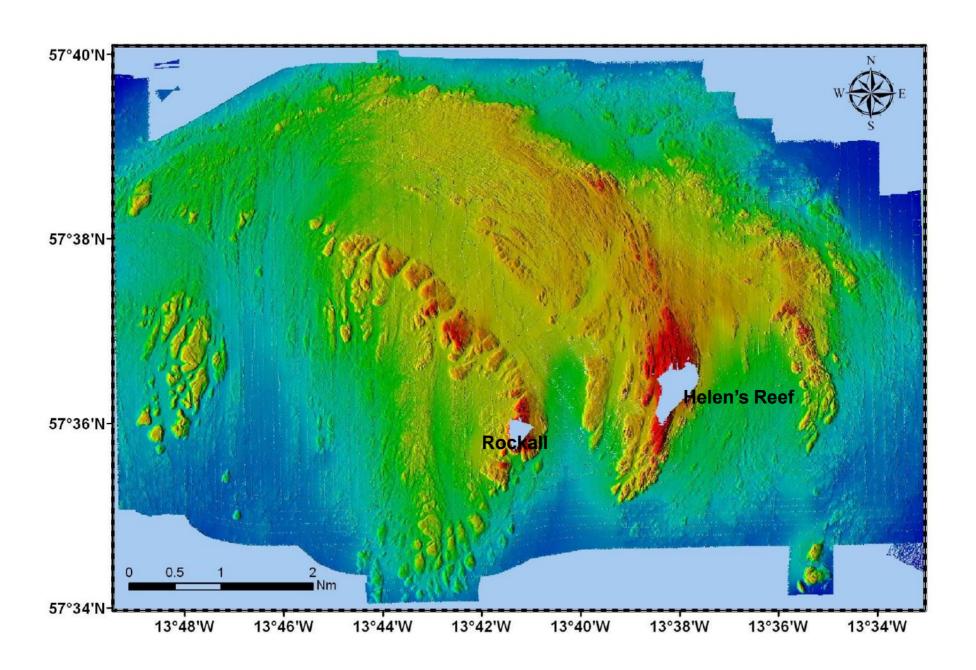


- Long history of trawl (fish stock assessment) surveys
- 2 Scotia surveys in 2011 and 2012
 - Map the area around Rockall (multibeam)
 - Document the fish and benthic communities from the Rock to the Trough
 - Trawl survey with integrated benthic sampling nets



The Rock and Helen's reef

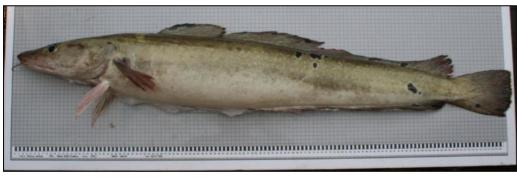
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The Rock and Helen's Reef









The fish communities of the plateau

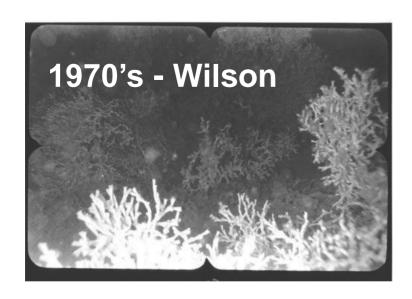




Species poor relative to European continental shelf

The plateau and the Lophelia pertusa reefs



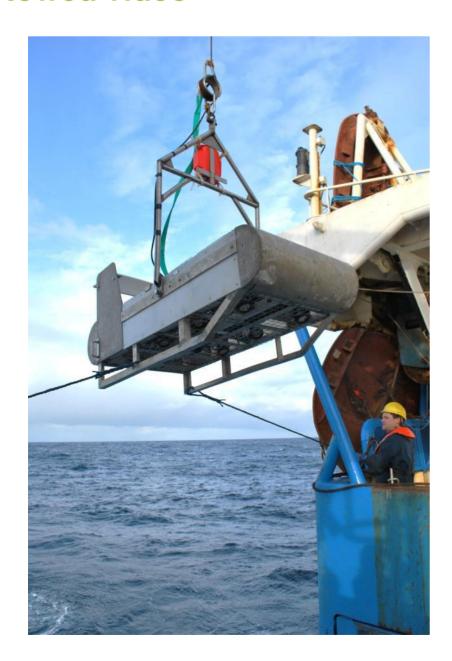






Mapping *Lophelia pertusa* reefs using towed video



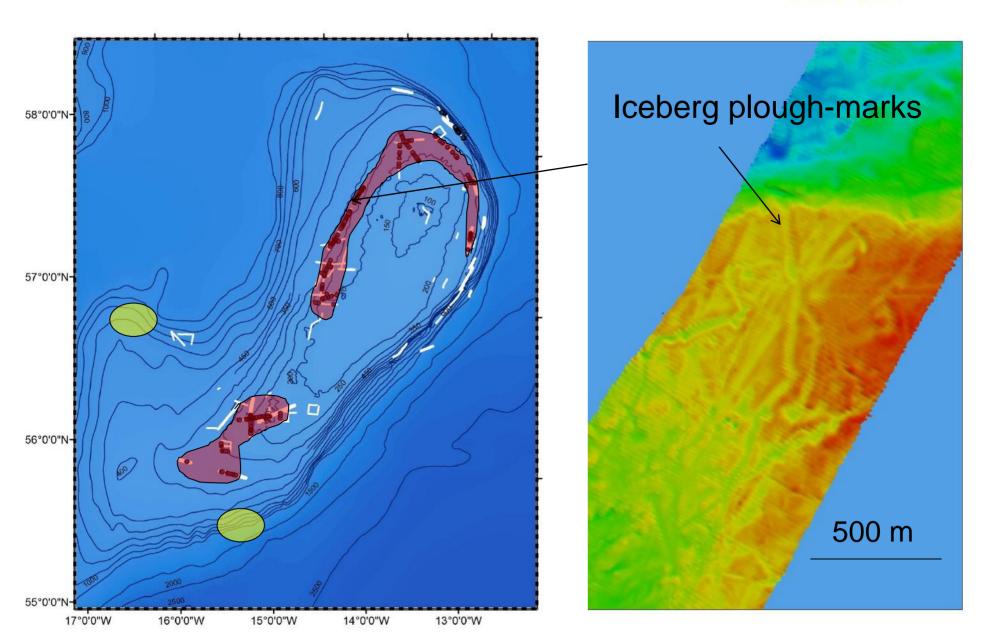




Over 600 km of transects from 150 m to 1000 m

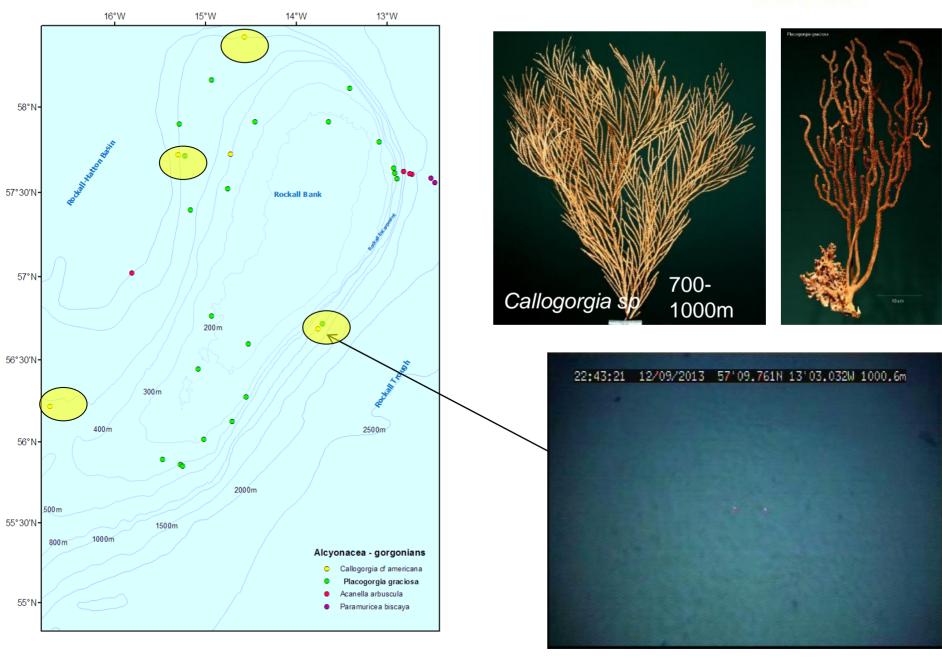
Mapping Lophelia – multibeam and video





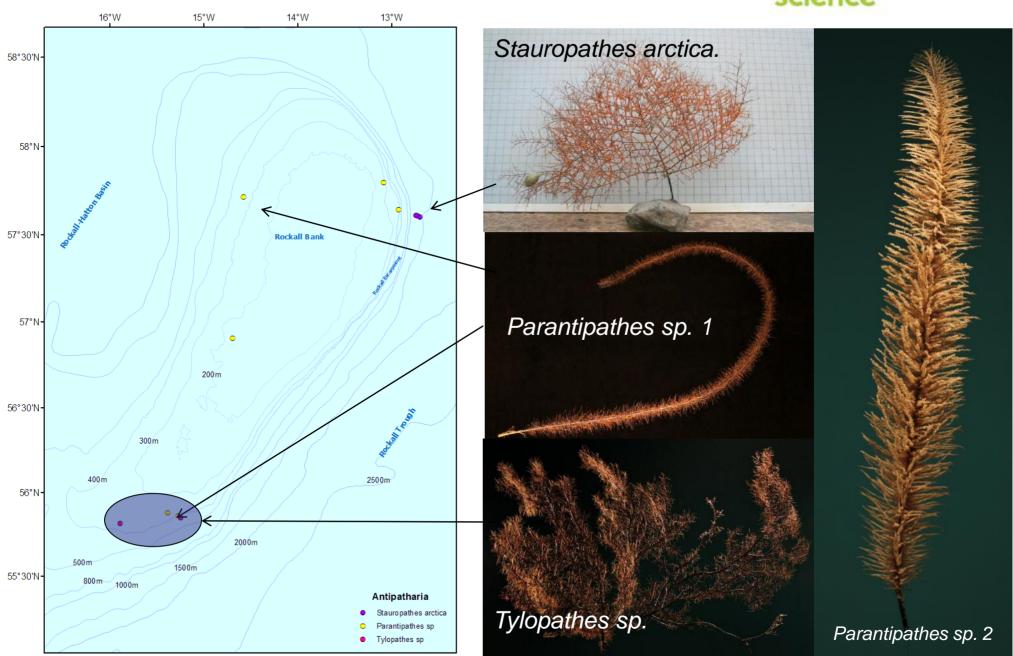
Gorgonian corals





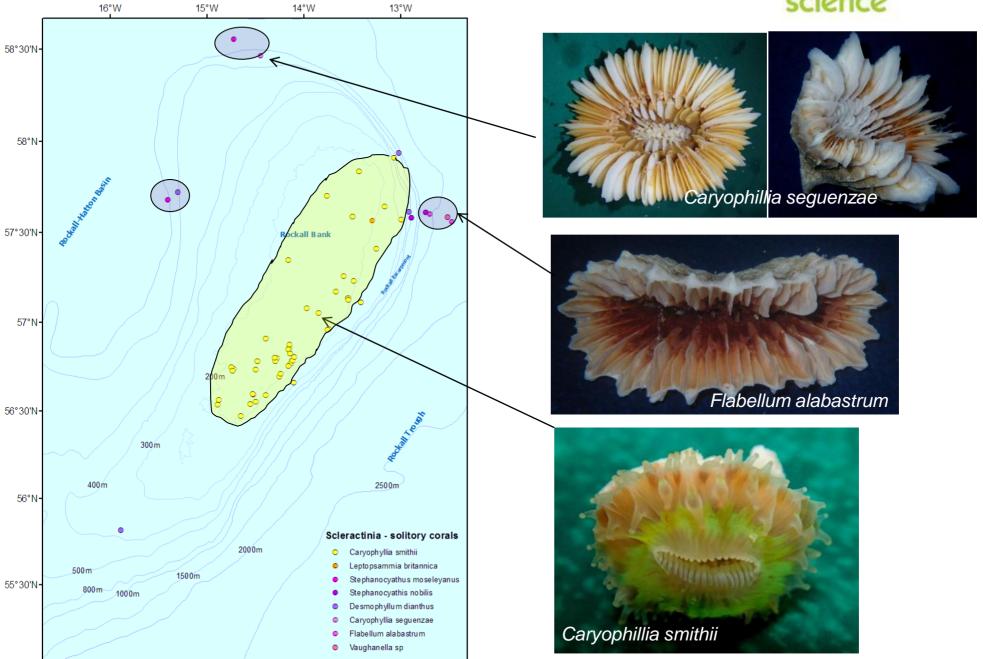
Black (Antipatharian) corals





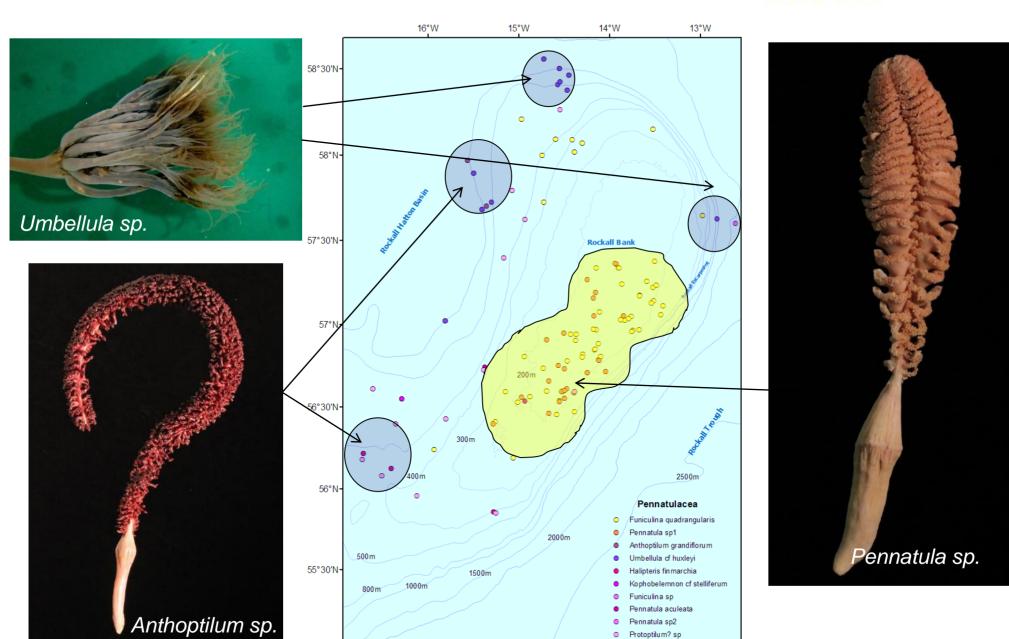
Cup-corals





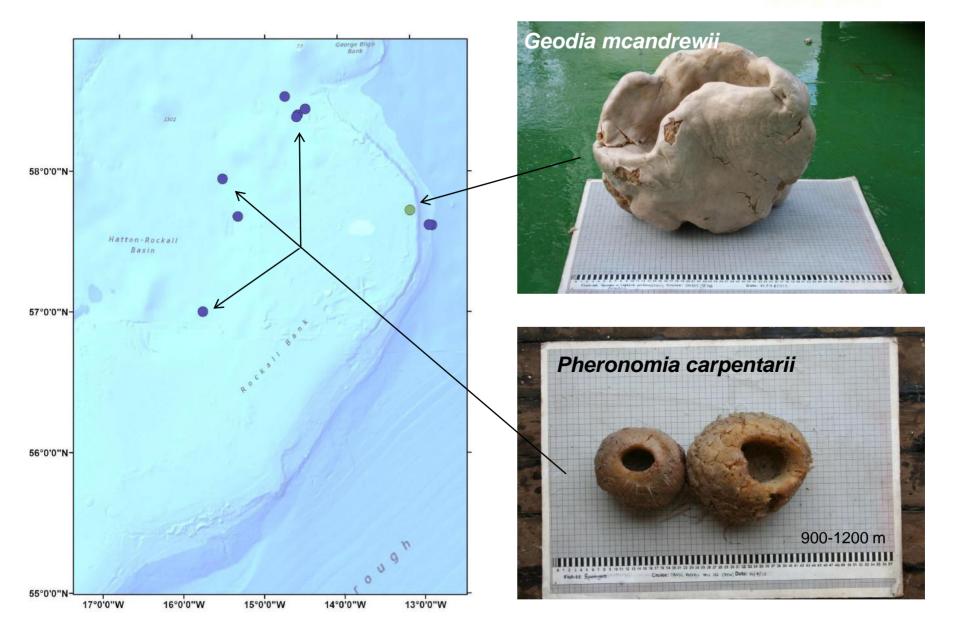
Seapens (Pennatulacea)





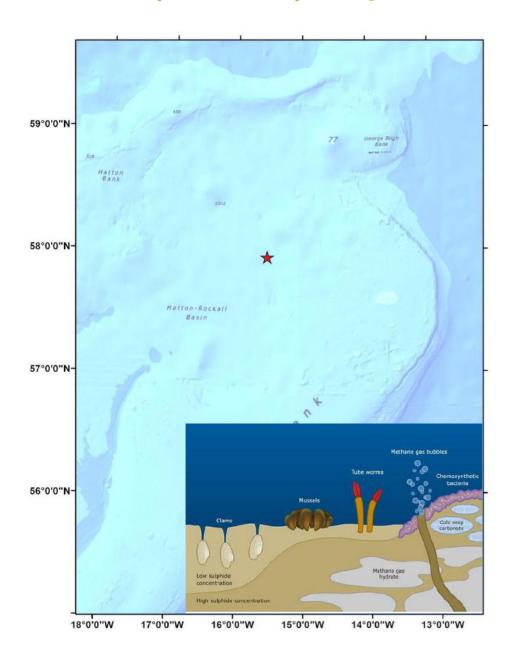
Deep-Sea sponges

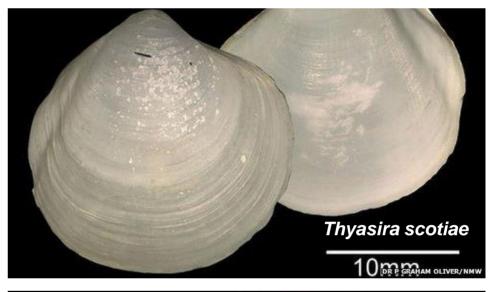




A cold (methane) seep community.....





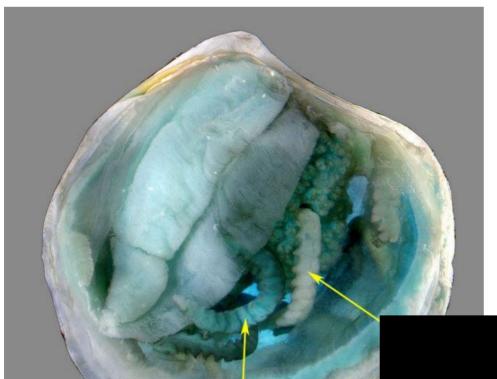




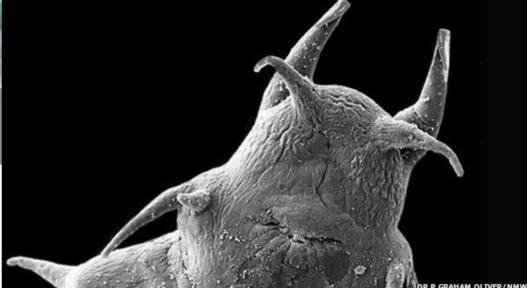
Two new species of chemosynthetic bivalves of the genera Vesicomyidae and Thyasiridae

The Cold Seep





Commensal polychaete worm of the genus *Antonbrunnia* found inside *Thyasira* scotiae. Not only is this a new species, but the genus has only ever been reported from the Pacific!



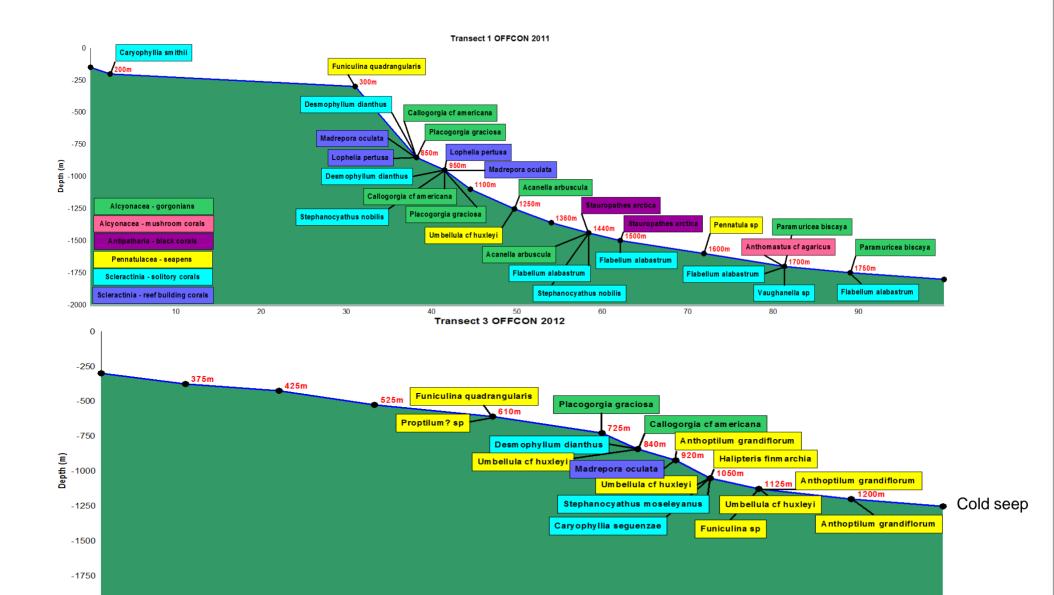
The east and west slopes

-2000

10



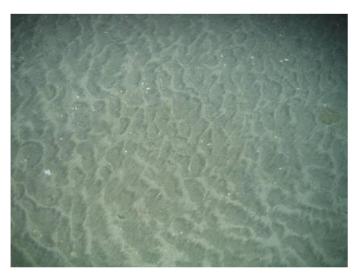
70



Km (Rockall Bank north west into Rockall-Hatton Basin)

Large areas of Rockall are rather dull habitat.....











Unless you're a fisherman.....

Fishing and conservation



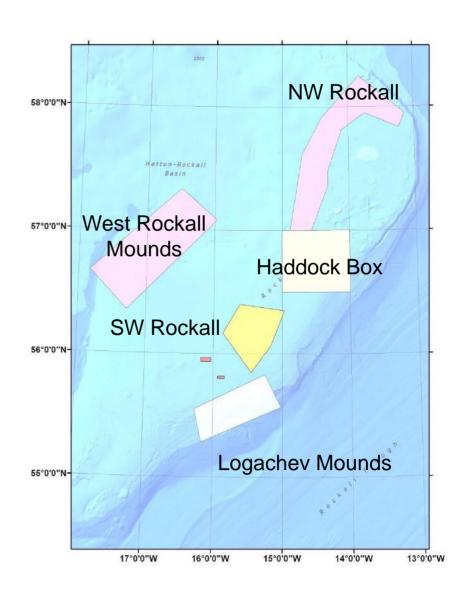
- UNGA resolutions 61/105 and 64/72 protection of vulnerable marine ecosystems (VME's)
- Coral reefs, deep-sea sponge aggregations and colds seeps all VMEs and all occur in the Rockall area.
- Little doubt bottom trawling can permanently damage or degrade such habitats
- Protective measures necessary closures to bottom fisheries
- In 2005 the intergovernmental institution ICES formed a working group (WGDEC) with the aim of providing scientific advice on the conservation and management of VMEs.

Coral protection at Rockall



- Spatial data on:
- Coral occurrence
 - Scientific records
 - Fishermen's knowledge
- Fishing activity plotter data,
 VMS data
- Find the mutually exclusive areas – i.e. where there is little or no fishing activity and where there is good evidence of corals
- Advice provided to NEAFC and to EC





NEAFC closed areas 2013

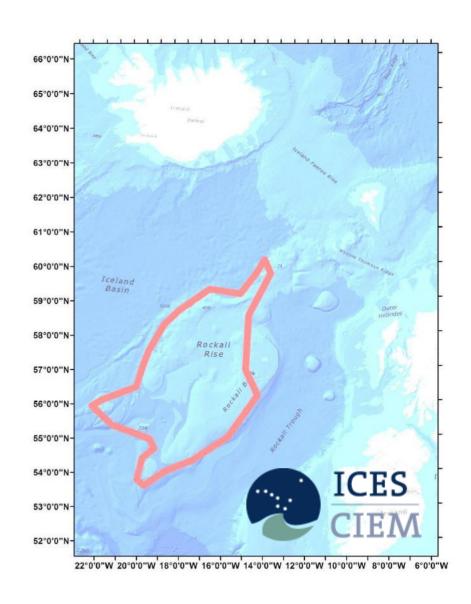
The CBD and Ecologically and Biologically Significant Areas in the ABNJ



EBSA criteria

- Uniqueness/rarity
- Importance for threatened or declining habitats
- Vulnerability

2013 - ICES advised Rockall fulfils these criteria and that this area be designated an EBSA



Take home messages



- Rockall contains unique ecosystems and species
- For the first time we have an idea of how these ecosystems and species are distributed in space and depth....however there is still a lot to discover
- Marine spatial planning is an appropriate way of assessing conservation needs and fishing interests
 - large areas are now protected and others (such as the area around the cold seep) will likely follow.
 - sustainable fishing should be allowed to continue in areas of the bank that we now know do not contain vulnerable habitats

Thanks to those involved in collecting the data...





Jim Drewery (invertebrates), Fiona McIntyre & Paul Fernandes (coral mapping), Neil Collie and Mike Stewart (video), Phil Copland (Multibeam), Finlay Burns, Rob Kynoch and the Scotia Team. Graham Oliver and Dave Mckay. Funded by SG.

Thanks for listening....



